

Introduction

PID Controller DIS2 MAX relies on programming mode by NFC/RFID technology with dedicated App for Android devices not requiring wirings and power supply, allowing quick set-up/updates on site.

The outputs can be selected as command/multiple alarm modes.

Power supply with extended range 24 to 230V AC/DC with galvanic insulation from the network.

1 Safety guidelines

Read carefully the safety guidelines and programming instructions contained in this manual before connecting/ using the device.

Disconnect power supply before proceeding to hardware settings or electrical wirings to avoid risk of electric shock, fire, malfunction.

Do not install/operate the device in environments with flammable/explosive gases.

This device has been designed and conceived for industrial environments and applications that rely on proper safety conditions in accordance with national and international regulations on labour and personal safety. Any application that might lead to serious physical damage/ life risk or involve medical life support devices should be avoided.

Device is not conceived for applications related to nuclear power plants, weapon systems, flight control, mass transportation systems.

Only qualified personnel should be allowed to use device and/or service it and only in accordance to technical data listed in this manual. Do not dismantle/modify/repair any internal component. Device must be installed and can operate only within the allowed environmental conditions. Overheating may lead to risk of fire and can shorten the lifecycle of electronic components.

1.1 Organization of safety notices

Safety notices in this manual are organized as follows:

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Safety notice	Description					
Danger!	Disregarding these safety guidelines and notices can be life-threatening.					
Warning!	Disregarding these safety guidelines and notices can result in severe injury or substantial damage to property.					
Information!	This information is important for preventing errors.					
1.2 Sa	afety Precautions					
Danger!	CAUTION - Risk of Fire and Electric Shock. This product is UL listed as open type process control equipment. It must be mounted in an enclosure that does not allow fire to escape externally.					
Danger!	If the output relays are used past their life expectancy, contact fusing or burning may occasionally occur. Always consider the application conditions and use the output relays within their rated load and electrical life expectancy. The life expectancy of output relays varies considerably with the output load and switching conditions.					
Warning!	Loose screws may occasionally result in fire. For screw terminals tighten screws to tightening torque of 0,5 Nm.					
Warning!	A malfunction in the Digital Controller may occasionally make control operations impossible or prevent alarm outputs, resulting in property damage. To maintain safety in the event of malfunction of the Digital Controller, take appropriate safety measures, such as installing a monitoring device on a separate line.					

1.3 Precautions for safe use

Be sure to observe the following precautions to prevent operation failure, malfunction, or adverse affects on the performance and functions of the product. Not doing so may occasionally result in unexpected events. Do not handle the Digital Controller in ways that exceed the ratings.

- The product is designed for indoor use only. Do not use or store the product outdoors or in any of the following
 places.
 - Places directly subject to heat radiated from heating equipment.
 - Places subject to splashing liquid or oil atmosphere.
 - Places subject to direct sunlight.
 - Places subject to dust or corrosive gas (in particular, sulfide gas and ammonia gas).
 - Places subject to intense temperature change.
 - Places subject to icing and condensation.
 - Places subject to vibration and large shocks.
- Installing two or more controllers in close proximity might lead to increased internal temperature and this might shorten the life cycle of electronic components. It is strongly recommended to install cooling fans or other air-conditioning devices inside the control cabinet.
- Always check the terminal names and polarity and be sure to wire properly. Do not wire the terminals that are not used.
- To avoid inductive noise, keep the controller wiring away from power cables that carry high voltages or large currents. Also, do not wire power lines together with or parallel to Digital Controller wiring. Using shielded cables and using separate conduits or ducts is recommended. Attach a surge suppressor or noise filter to peripheral devices that generate noise (in particular motors, transformers, solenoids, magnetic coils or other equipment

that have an inductance component). When a noise filter is used at the power supply, first check the voltage or current, and attach the noise filter as close as possible to the Digital Controller. Allow as much space as possible between the Digital Controller and devices that generate powerful high frequencies (high-frequency welders, high-frequency sewing machines, etc.) or surge.

- A switch or circuit breaker must be provided close to device. The switch or circuit breaker must be within easy reach of the operator, and must be marked as a disconnecting means for the controller.
- The device must be protected by a fuse 1A (cl. 9.6.2).
- Wipe off any dirt from the Digital Controller with a soft dry cloth. Never use thinners, benzine, alcohol, or any cleaners that contain these or other organic solvents. Deformation or discoloration may occur.
- The number of non-volatile memory write operations is limited. Therefore, use EEprom write mode when frequently
 overwriting data, e.g.: through communications.

1.4 Environmental policy / WEEE

Do not dispose electric tools together with household waste material. According to European Directive 2012/19/EU on waste electrical and electronic equipment and its implementation in accordance with national law, electric tools that have reached the end of their life must be collected separately and returned to an environmentally compatible recycling facility.

2 Model identification

The series includes 2 versions: optional RS485					
Power supply 24230 VAC/VDC ±15% 50/60 Hz – 5 Watt					
DIS2 MAX	1 analogue input	+ 2 relays 5 A + 1 DO			
Power supply 1224 VAC/VDC ±10% 50/60 Hz – 4.5 Watt					
DIS2 MAX-12	1 analogue input	+ 2 relavs 5 A + 1 DO			

3 Technical data

3.1 General features

Displays	3digits 14.2 mm (0.56 pollici)
Operative conditions	Temperature: 0-45° C -Humidity 3595 uR% Max. altitude: 2000m
Sealing	IP65 front panel (with gasket) IP20 box and terminals
Materials	Box and front panel: PC UL94V2 self-extinguishing
Weight	Approx. 120 g

3.2 Hardware features

Analogue input	Al1: Configurable via software. Input: Thermocouple type K, S, R, J, T. Automatic compensation of cold junction from -2585° C. Thermoresistances: PT100, PT500, PT1000, Ni100, Ni120, PTC 1K, NTC 10K (β 3435K and β3694K), NTC 2252 (β3976K) Input V/mA: 0-10 V, 0-20 o 4-20 mA, 0-60 mV. Pot. Input: 1150 KΩ.	Tolerance (25° C) \pm 0.2% \pm 1 digit (on F.s.) for thermocouple, thermoresistance and V/mA. Cold junction accuracy 0.1° C/°C. Impedence: 0-10 V: Ri>110 KΩ 0-20 mA: Ri<5 Ω 0-40 mV: Ri>1 MΩ		
Relay outputs	Configurable as commandContacts:and alarm output.5 A - 250 VAC Resistive load.			
SSR outputs	Configurable as command12 V, 25 mA.and alarm output.Min. load 1 mA			
DIS2 MAX				
Power supply	ply Extended power-supply 24230 VAC/VDC ±15% 50/60 Hz Consumption: 5 Watt			
DIS2 MAX-12				
Power supply	Extended power-supply 1224 VAC/VDC ±10% 50/60 Hz			

3.3 Software features

Regulation algorithms	ON-OFF with hysteresis.	P, PI, PID, PD with proportional time
Proportional band	0999°C o °F	
Integral time	0,0999 sec (0 exclude)	
Derivative time	0,0999 sec (0 exclude)	
Controller functions	Manual or automatic Tuning command and alarm setpoir	y, selectable alarm, protection of nts.

3.4 Progran	nming mode
by keyboard	see paragraph 13
Арр	through download the App on Google Play Store [®] , see paragraph 11 PROGRAMADOR -NFC-PLUS When activated by a reader/interrogator supporting NFC-V protocol, controller DIS2 MAX is to be considered a VICC (Vicinity Inductively Coupled Card) according to ISO/IEC 15693 and it operates at a frequency of 13.56 MHz. The device does not intentionally emit radio waves.

Dimensions and installation

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5 Electrical wirings

This controller has been designed and manufactured in conformity to Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC, 2014/35/EU (LVD) and EMC Directive 2004/108/EC, 2014/30/EU (EMC). For installation in industrial environments please observe following safety guidelines:

- Separate control line from power wires.
- Avoid proximity of remote control switches, electromagnetic contactors, powerful engines.
- Avoid proximity of power groups, especially those with phase control.
- It is strongly recommended to install adequate mains filter on power supply of the machine where the controller is installed.

The controller is designed and conceived to be incorporated into other machines, therefore CE marking on the controller does not exempt the manufacturer of machines from safety and conformity requirements applying to the machine itself.

- Wiring DIS2 MAX, use crimped tube terminals or flexible/rigid copper wire with diameter 0.14 to 1.5 mm² (min. AWG26, max. AWG16). Cable stripping lenght is 7 mm.
- It is possible to connect on a single terminal two wires with same diameter comprised between 0.14 and 0.75mm².



5.1 Wiring diagram

5.1.a Power supply	
Class 2 source	DIS2 MAX
24230 VAC/DC	Switching power supply 24230 VAC/VDC \pm 15% 50/60 Hz - 5 Watt. Galvanic insulation.
1 - ÷	DIS2 MAX-12
1224V 12/24V~	Switching power supply 1224 VAC/VDC ±10% 50/60 Hz - 4.5 Watt.
2 +	Galvanic insulation.

.1.b Analogue input Al1			
Shield/Schermo	 For thermocouples K, S, R, J, T. Comply with polarity For possible extensions, use compensated cable and terminals suitable for the thermocouples used (compensated). When shielded cable is used, it should be grounded at one side only. 		
Shield/Schermo	 For thermoresistances PT100, Ni100. For the three-wire connection use wires with the same section. For the two-wire connection short-circuit terminals 10 and 12. When shielded cable is used, it should be grounded at one side only. 		
Shield/Schermo	 For thermoresistances NTC, PTC, PT500, PT1000 and linear potentiometers. When shielded cable is used, it should be grounded at one side only to avoid ground loop currents. 		
9 10 5hield/Schermo ± 11 5 12 +	 DIS2 MAX For linear signals in Volt and mA Comply with polarity When shielded cable is used, it should be grounded at one side only to avoid ground loop currents. 		
1 9 10 Shield/Schermo 10 5 11 11 12 +	 DIS2 MAX-12 For linear signals in Volt and mA Comply with polarity When shielded cable is used, it should be grounded at one side only to avoid ground loop currents. For 2- and/or 3-wire sensors short-circuit terminals 1 and 11. 		

5.1.c Examples of connection for linear input



For signals 0..10VComply with polarity



5.1.f Relay output Q2	
6 02 5A 230V Resistive 1/8HP	Capacity 5 A / 250 VAC for resistive loads.

6	Display and key funct	ions		
5		8 17 1	83	Normally displays the process. During the configuration phase, it displays the parameter groups or the parameter being inserted.

6.1	Mea	ning of status lights (Led)
2	OUT1	ON when command output is active. When it flashes, display shows the command output setpoint (which can be modified by arrow keys).
3	OUT2	ON when alarm output is active. When it flashes, display shows the alarm output setpoint (which can be modified by arrow keys).
4	L1	ON when the controller communicates through serial.
6.2	Keys	
5		 Increases the main setpoint. During configuration allows to scroll the parameters and to modify them togheter with SET Increase the setpoints (command with OUT1 flashing/alarm with OUT2 flashing)
6		 Decreases the main setpoint. During configuration allows to scroll the parameters and to modify them togheter with SET Decrease the setpoints (command with OUT1 flashing/alarm with OUT2 flashing).
7	SET	 If pressed once it allows to visualize the command setpoint. If pressed twice it allows to visualize the alarm setpoint. Allows to modify configuration parameters.
8	FNC	 Allows to run the manual Tuning function. Allows to enter/exit from configuration.

Controller Functions 7

Modification of main and alarm setpoint value 71

Setpoint value can be modified from keyboard as follows:

	Press	Display	Do
1	A V SET	Display shows the command setpoint and OUT1 flashes.	Increase or decrease the main setpoint value. Afer 4s display shows the process.
2	Press twice SET	Display shows the alarm setpoint and OUT2 flashes.	Increase or decrease the alarm setpoint value. After 4s display shows the process.

Tuning

Tuning procedure allows to calculate PID parameters to obtain a optimal regulation. It means a stable control of temperature/process on setpoint without fluctuations and fast response to deviations from setpoint caused by external noises.

Tuning procedure includes calculation and setting of the following parameters:

- Proportional band (system inertia, in °C for temperature).
- Integral time (system inertia expressed in time).
- Derivative time (defines the intensity of the controller

reaction to the variation of the measured value, normally ¼ of integral time). During Tuning procedure, it is not possible to change the setpoint.

8.1 Automatic Tune

Automatic tuning procedure allows a precise regulation without detailed knowledge of PID regulation algorithm. Selecting $\exists u \perp u$ on par. 28 $\lfloor un$, the controller analyzes the proces oscillations and optimizes the PID parameters. If the PID parameters are not yet selected, at the device switch-on, the manual tuniq procedure described in the next paragraph will be launched described into the next paragraph.

8.2 Manual Tune

Manual procedure allows the user greater flexibility to decide when to update PID algorithm pameters. It can be enabled selecting IIAn on par. 28 Lun

During the manual tuning, the device generates a step to analyze the system inertia to be regulated and, according to the collected data, modifies PID parameters.

Tuning launch:

Press Fill until display shows E.d. and then press SET: display shows E.E.

To avoid an overshoot, the treshold where the controller calculates new PID parameters is determined by this operation: Tune threshold = Setpoint - "Set Deviation Tune" (par. 29 5.d. E) Ex.: if the sepoint is 100 °C and the Par. 29 5.d. E is 20 °C the threshold to calculate PID parameters is (100.0 - 20.0) =

80.0°C.

For a greater precision on PID parameters calculation it is suggested to start the manual tuning procedure when the process is not close to setpoint value.

Tuning performed once 8.3

Set one on parameter 28 Eur.

Autotuning procedure is executed only once at next restart.

If the procedure doesn't work, it will be be executed at next restart.

8.4 Dual Action (Heating-Cooling)

DIS2 MAX is suitable also for systems requiring a combined heating-cooling action. The command output has to be configured as PID for Heating (Par. 17 Rc. L = HER. Par. P.b. greater than 0), alarms (Par. 50 RL F = coo).

Command output must be connected to the actuator responsible for heating, while the alarm will control cooling action.

Parameters to be configured for the heating PID are:

 $A_{c.L} = HER$ Command output action type (Heating);

P.b. : Heating proportional band;

i.E. : Integral time of heating and cooling; *d.E.* : Derivative time of heating and cooling;

c.Ł. : Heating time cycle.

Parameters to be configured for the cooling PID are:

RLF = coo. Alarm 1 selection (Cooling);

 $P.b.\Pi =$ Proportional band multiplier;

o.d.b : Overlapping / Dead band;

c.c.t: Cooling time cycle.

Par. P.b. Π (that renges from 1.00 to 5.00) determines the proportional band of cooling action basing on the formula: **Proportional band for cooling action** = P.b. 1x P.b. Π .

This gives a proportional band for cooling which will be the same as heating band if P.b.n.i = 1.00, or 5 times greater if P.b.n.i = 5.00.

Integral and derivative time are the same for both actions.

Par. a.d.b determines the percentage overlapping between the two actions. For systems in which the heating output and cooling output must never be simultaneously active a Dead Band ($a.d.b \le 0$), must be configured, vice versa you can configure an overlapping (a.d.b > 0).

The following figure shows an example of dual action PID (heating-cooling) with L = 0 e d L = 0. Parameter *c.c.L* has the same meaning of cycle time for heating action *c.L*.



Parameter co.F (Cooling Fluid) pre-selects the proportional band multiplier P.b. fland the cooling PID cycle time c.c.t according to cooling fluid type:

co.F	Cooling fluid type	Р.Ь.П	c.c.t
Rir	Air	1.00	10
o íL	Oil	1.25	4
H2o	Water	2.50	2

Once parameter co.F has been selected, the parameters P.b.fl, o.d.b and c.c.E can be however modified.

8.5 LATCH ON function

For use with input P_{DL} and with linear input (0..10 V, 0/4..20 mA), is possible to associate start value of the scale (Par LL.) to the minimum position of the sensor and (par. UL.) to the maximum position of the sensor (par. 11 LEc = 5Ed). It is also possible to fix the point in which the controller will display 0 (however keeping the scale range between LL.) and UL.) using the "virtual zero" option by selecting Par.10= ULS or or ULo.

Selecting u.l.o the virtual zero must be reset at each restart; selecting u.l.5 the virtual zero will remain fixed once calibrated.

Then refer to the following table for the calibration procedure:

	Press	Display	Do
1	FNC	Exit parameters configuration. Display visualizes writing LRE	Place the sensor on minimum operating value (corresponding to L.L.)
2	V	Store value on minimum. Display shows LaU.	Place sensor on maximum operating value (corresponding to u.L.)



9 Dead band function

The dead band function (enabled selecting Par.33 = d.b) creates a band within which the relays are both open or closed.

In **heating functioning**, the intervention threshold of the alarm relay will be SET1 - SET2 while the intervention threshold of the command relay will be SET1 + SET2.

The hyseresis selected on Par.18 = c. HS A band is created within which the relays are both open and where the alarm relay operates above while the command relay operates under the band limit.

In cooling functioning (Par.17 $\exists c. b = c \Box \Box$) the intervention thresholds of the two relays are reversed.



When this function is active, standard alarm operation (band, deviation, etc..) is inhibited.

10 Reading and configuration through NFC

DIS2 MAX is supported by the App: using an ANDROID smartphone with NFC connection it is possible to program the device without using a dedicated equipment*.

*With iOS App, communication between the smartphone and the device is through the RFID Programmer > Bluetooth (2000.35.099), which must be placed on the device's NFC connection point.

This app allows to read and view data already on the device, modify its parameters and setpoints, save and send (via email) complete configurations, reload backups and factory settings.

Procedure:

- Make sure that the NFC sensor of the Android[®] phone is enabled and that there are no metallic materials between the smartphone and the device (e.g., aluminum covers or magnetic stands);
- Place the NFC antenna of the smartphone / RFID Programmer > Bluetooth at the antenna of the device (located on the front);
- Enable system sounds on your phone, as the notification sound confirms that the device has correctly been detected

The App interface is provided with four tabs: SCAN, DATA, WRITE, EXTRA.

Select the first tab "SCAN" to read data stored into the internal memory of the device; place the smartphone in contact with its frontal panel, making sure that the phone's antenna matched with that of the device.

Once detected the device, the App emits a notification sounds and proceeds with the model identification and the reading of the parameters.

The graphic interface shows the advancement and switches to the second tab "DATA". It is now possible to move the smartphone away from the controller to make the required modifications more easily.

The device parameters are divided into collapsible groups and are displayed with name, current value and reference index to the manual.

Click on a row to open the setting screen of the related parameter with the detailed view of available options (in case of multiple choice parameters) or of the minimum/maximum/decimals limits (for numeric parameters). Once selected the chosen value, the related row will be updated and underlined into the tab "DATA" (hold down the line to undo changes).

To download the new configuration on your device, select the third tab "WRITE", place again the smartphone in contact with the device and wait for the operation to complete. The device will show a restart request, necessary to update the configuration with the new written modifications; if it does not restart, the regulator will continue to work with the previous configuration.

In addition to the classic operation of parameters reading->- modification->writing, App is provided with additional functions which can be accessed by the tab "EXTRA", as save/upload and email the entire configuration and restore factory values.

10.1 Config. through memory card

The device can be configured through a memory card (not included). This one is linked to the micro-USB port on the upper side of the device.

10.2 Creation / update memory card



In order to save a parameter configuration in the memory card, connect it to micro-USB port and power the instrument. If the memory has never been configured, the device starts normally, but if its data are considered valid, it is possible to view on the display D.no. Press sti in order to start the product without uploading any data from the memory card. Configure, set the parameters and exit configuration. Now, the device saves the configuration just created also in the memory.

10.3 Loading config. from memory card



In order to charge a configuration previously created and saved in the memory card, connect it to the micro-USB port and power the instrument. Now, if the memory is detected and its data are considered valid, it is possible to view on the display Ω_{nab} . By pressing X you see Ω_{nd} and with SI you confirm the uploading of parameters from the memory card to the controller. If you press directly SI, when viewing Ω_{nab} , the product starts without uploading any data from the memory card.

11 Loading default values

This procedure allows to restore factory settings of the device.

	Press	Display	Do
1	FNC for 3 sec	Display shows 000 with the 1st digit flashing.	
2	\Lambda or 🎽	Change the flashing digit and move to the next one by pressing SEI .	Enter password 999
3	FNC to confirm	The device loads default settings and restarts.	

12 Access configuration

	Press	Display	Do
1	FNC for 3 sec.	Display shows DDD with the 1st digit flashing.	
2	👗 or 🎽	Change the flashing digit and move to the next one by pressing SET .	Enter password 123
3	FNC to confirm	Display shows the first parameters	
4	🔼 or 💟	Scroll parameters	
5	SET	The display shows the parameter value flashing	
6	🔼 or 💟	Increases or decreases visualized value	Introduce new data
7	SET	Confirms and stores the new value.	Repeat steps 4 to 7 for modify another parameter.
8	FNC	End of configuration. the controller exit from configuration.	

12.1 Parameters list functioning

The controller integrates many features that make the configuration parameters list very long. To make it more functional, the parameters list is dynamics and it changes as the user enables / disables the functions. Practically, using a specific function that occupies a given input (or output), the parameters referred to other functions of that resource are hidden to the user making the parameters list more concise.

To simplify the reading/interpretation of the parameters, pressing **set** it is possible to visualize a brief description of the selected parameter.

Finally, keeping pressed FMC, it is possible to move from the mnemonic visualization of the parameter to the numeric one, and viceversa.

Ex. The first parameter can be displayed as 5En. (mnemonic visualization) or as PDI (numeric visualization)

13	Та	able of Configu	ration Pa	rameters		
GRO	UP A - An	alogue input				
	Analogue	input configurati	on / sensor	All selection		
	Ec.F	Tc-K	-260° C13	60° C. (Default)	
	tc.5	Tc-S	-40° C176	0° C		
	tc.r	IC-K	-40° C1/6	0°C		
	cc.u beb	Tc-T	-200 C12	00 C		
	PF	Pt100	-200° C40	00°C		
	nil	Ni100	-60° C180	° C		
	n 12	Ni120	-60° C240	0° C		
	nEl	NTC 10K β3435K	-40° C125	°C		
	ntd	NTC 10K B3694K	-40° C150 ⁄	1°C		
	Phr	PTC 1K	、 -50°€ 150	°C		
	PES	Pt500	-200° C60	0°C		
	P⊪	Pt1000	-200° C60	00° C		
	0.10	010 V				
	น.cu นวก	020 mA				
	Pot	Potentiometer (s	et the valu	e on Par. 7)		
2	d.P	Decimal Point	de else else	- in the Com A 11		
	Select nur	nder of displayed	decimal p	oints for All		
	0.0	1 decimal				
	0.00	2 decimals				
2	155	Degrees				
2	Γ	Celsius degree (I	Default)			
	F	Fahrenheit degr	e			
	F	Kelvin degree				
Л	11.	Lower Linear In	out Al1			
-	All lower	limit only for line	ir signals.			
	Ex.: with in	nput 420 mA this	paramete	r takes value a	associated to 4 m	A. The value may be greater than the one
	entered o	n the next parame	eter.			
	-199+999 [digit ^{1 p. 18}] Default: ().			
5	uL.	Upper Linear In	out Al1			
-	Al1 upper	limit only for line	ar signals.			
	Ex: with ir	put 420 mA this	paramete	r takes value a	associated to 20	mA.The value may be lower than the one
	entered or	n the previous pa	ameter.			
	Upper lim	it for termination,	in case of	process transr	nission in modbi	us master.
	-199+999[uigit J Delault.	,,,,			
6	L.c.E	Lt Error				
	If Al1 is a 4	-20 mA input, it d	etermines	the current va	lue below the p	robe error E-05 is signaled.
	20		2.5		32	3.8
	22		2.8		34	
	24		3.O	(Default)	3.b	
7	0.0	Detentioneter	Jalua Alt			
/	Selects the	e value of the pot	alue All entiometer	r connected o	n Al1	1 150 kohm Default: 10kohm
	Sciects in	e value of the pot	entionnete	connected o		The second
8	i.o.L	Linear Input ove	er Limits Al	1		_
	If All is a li	near input, allows	the process	s to bypass the	limits (Par. 4 and	5). Enabled
	60	Disabled (Default	.)			Enabled
9	o.cA	Offset Calibratio	on Al1			
	Al1 Offset	calibration. Val	ue added/	subtracted to	the process va	alue (ex: usually correcting the ambient
	temperatu	Ire value).	tonthe for	tomp concord	Default 0	
	-199+999	[uigit [[uegrees	.tentins for	temp. sensors)	Default U.	
10	G.cR	Gain Calibration	AI1			
	Value mult	tiplied to the proc	ess value to	calibrate the	working point.	
	EX: to corre	ect the range from	01000°C	snowing 0101	U°C, set the parai	meter to -1.0
12 - User	manual 70+9	5.5%, Default: 0.0.				

11	LEc	Latch-On Al1			
	Automatic setting of limits for Al1 linear input.				
	d 5	Disabled. (Default)	Sed	Standard	
	u.5E.	Virtual Zero Stored	u.on.	Virtual Zero at start	

12 c.FL Conversion Filter Al1

ADC Filter: Number of sensor readings to calculate mean that defines process value. NB: when readings increase, control loop speed slows down. 1.15. (Default: 10)

13 c.Fr. Conversion Frequency Al1

Sampling frequency of digital / analogue converter for Al1. Increasing the conversion speed will slow down reading stability (example: for fast transients, as the pressure, it is advisable to increase sampling frequency)

4.11	4.17 Hz (Min. conversion speed)
6.25	6.25 Hz
8.33	8.33 Hz
0.0	10.0 Hz
25	12.5 Hz
16.7	16.7 Hz (Default) Ideal for filtering noises 50/60 Hz
8.6	19.6 Hz
33.2	33.2 Hz
39.0	39.0 Hz
50.0	50.0 Hz
62.0	62.0 Hz
23	123 Hz
242	242 Hz
чпо	470 Hz (Max, speed conversion)

GROUP B - Outputs and regulation Process

16 C.DU Command Output

Selects the command output related to the process and the outputs related to the alarms.

- o. ℓ2 Command on relay output Q1. (Default)
- o.15 Command on relay output Q1.
- 55- Command on digital output.
- Command on relay output Q2

	Command	AL. 1
o. 12	Q1	Q2
o. 15	Q1	DO1
55r	DO1	Q1
0.2.1	Q2	Q1

17 Rc.E Action type

Action type to control process.

d 5 Disable (unhandled command) HER Heating (N.A.) (Default)

- Cooling (N.C.)
- ьлн heating dead band
- ыл neating dead band

18 cHB Command Hysteresis

Sets the hysteresis value used for process control during ON/OFF functioning -199.+999 [digit^{1,p, 18}] (degrees.tenths for temp. sensors). **Default** 0.2.

19 LL5 Lower Limit Setpoint

Lower limit setpoint selectable for command setpoint. -199..+999 [digit^{1,p.18}] (degrees.tenths for temp.sensors) **Default**: 0.

20 al.5 Upper Limit Setpoint

Lower limit setpoint selectable for command setpoint.

-199..+999 [digit^{1 p. 18}] (degrees.tenths for temp.sensors) Default: 999.

21 c.rE Command Reset

Type of reset for command contact (always automatic in P.I.D. functioning)

- RrE Automatic Reset (Default)
- **ILE** Manual Reset (by keyboard or by digital input).
- ne5 Manual Reset Stored (keeps relay status also after an eventual power failure).
- R.E Automatic reset with timed activation. The command remains active for the time set on the Par.24 c. dE., even if the conditions generating it are missing.

To be able to act again, the conditions for activating the command must disappear.

22	c.5.E	Command State Error		
	State of co	ntact for command output in case of error.		
	If Par.c.ou=Qn(relay) :		If Par. c.ou	=55r is digital output (SSR):
	oPn	Contact open. (Default)	oFF	Digital output OFF. (Default)
	CL5	Contact closed.	on	Digital output ON.

23 c.Ld. Command Led

Defines led C1 state corresponding to the related output. If the valve command is selected, this parameter is not managed.

ON with open contact or SSR switched off.

c.c. ON with closed contact or SSR switched on. (Default)

24 c.dE Command Delay

Command delay (only in ON / OFF functioning). Negative: delay when turning off output. Positive: delay when turning on output. -199..+999 seconds. Default: 0

25 c.5.P Command Setpoint Protection

Controls access to the command setpoint 1 value

- FrE Modification allowed (Default)
 - Lc+ Protected
 - Hid Protected and not displayed

GROUP C - Autotuning and PID

28 Tune Lun Selects autotuning type for command Disabled. If proportional band and integral time parameters are to set to zero, the regulation is ON/ dБ OFF type.. (Default) Rut Automatic P.I.D. parameters calculation 08e Manual (launch by keyboards or by digital input) Noc P.I.D. parameters calc. only at first start 29 **Setpoint Deviation Tune** S.d.E Selects deviation from command setpoint as threshold used by autotuning to calculate P.I.D. parameters.

Selects deviation from command setpoint as threshold used by autotuning to calculate P.I.D. pa 0..999 [digit^{1,p.10}] (degrees for temp.sensors) Default: 30.

Proportional Band Proportional band for process P.I.D. regulation (Process inertia). O = ON/OFF if Par.31 · . L equal to 0 (Default) 1.999 [digit^{1 p.18}] (degrees for temp. sensors).

31 at Integral Time

Integral time for process P.I.D. regulation (Process inertia duration). 0...999 sec. (0 = integral disabled) Default: 0

32 d.t Derivative Time Derivative time for process P.I.D. regulation (Normally ¼ of integral time). 0...999 sec. (0 = derivative disabled) Default: 0

33 d.b Dead Band
 Dead band of process 1 P.I.D.
 0..999 [digit¹/^{p.18}] (degrees.tenths for temp. sensors), Default: 0

34 P.b.c Proportional Band Centered

Defines if the proportional band must be centered or not on the setpoint. In double loop functioning (heating/ cooling), always disabled.

- d 5 Disabled. Band under (heating) or over (cooling)(Default)
- En Centered band

25	-	
35	0.0.5 In P.I.D. en d 15 En	Off Over Setpoint ables the command output switching off, when a certain threshold is exceeded (setpoint + Par. 36) Disabled (Default) Enabled
36	o.d.t Sets devia function. -199+999	Off Deviation Threshold tion from command setpoint, used to calculate the intervention threshold for "Off Over Setpoint" [digit ^{1/p.18}] (degrees.tenths for temp.sensors) Default: 0
37	c.t Cycle time 1300 sec Default: 15	Cycle Time for P.I.D. regulation of process 1 (for P.I.D. on remote control switch 15 s; for PID on SSR 2s). onds sec.
38	Type of ref	Cooling Fluid rigerant fluid for heating/cooling P.I.D. for process. Enable the cooling output on parameter الله. F Air (Default) م الله المالية ال
39	Рыл Proportion by parame 1.005.00	Proportional Band Multiplier nal band multiplier for heating/cooling P.I.D. for process. Proportional band for cooling action is given eter P.bmultiplied for this value , Default: 1.00
40	o.d.b Dead band Negative: o Positive: o -19.9%50	Overlap / Dead Band d combination for heating / cooling P.I.D. (double action) for process 1. Dead band. verlap. .0%, Default: 0.0%
41	c.c.t Cycle time 1300 sec	Cooling Cycle Time for cooling output in heating/cooling P.I.D. mode for process. onds, Default : 10 sec.
42	LLP Selects mi 0%100%	Lower Limit Output Percentage n. value for command output percentage. , Default: 0%.
43	uL.P Selects ma 0%100%,	Upper Limit Output Percentage ax. value for command output percentage. Default: 100%.
44	NLE Sets the m 0999 [dig	Max Gap Tune ax. process-setpoint allowed gap before the automatic tune recalculates PID par. of the process. jit ^{1,p.18}] (degrees.tenths for temp. sensors) Default: 2.0
45	Nn.P. Selects the 0999 [dig	Minimum Proportional Band e min. proportional band value selectable by the automatic tune for the PID regulation of process. git ^{1,a, 18}] (degrees for temp. sensors) Default: 2
46	na.P Selects the 0999 [dig	Maximum Proportional Band e max. proportional band value selectable by the automatic tune for the PID regulation of process. git ^{1,p,18}] (degrees for temp. sensors) Default: 100
47	Selects the 0999 sec Default: 20	Minimum Integral Time e min. integral time value selectable by the automatic tune for the P.I.D. regulation of process. onds sec.
GRO 50	UP D - Ala	arm Alarm Function
	Alarm sele d 5 RuR RLR BRn R.BR uP.d	ction. Disabled (Default) Absolute Upper Activation. Absolute referred to the process, active over Absolute Lower Activation. Absolute referred to the process, active under Band alarm (command setpoint ± alarm setpoint) Asymmetric band alarm (command setpoint + alarm setpointH and command setpoint - alarm setpointL). Upper Deviation alarm
		••

- Lower Deviation alarm Ind
- Absolute Command Upper Activation. Absolute alarm referred to the command setpoint, active R.c.u over
- Bri Absolute Command Lower Activation. Absolute alarm referred to the command setpoint, active under
- Cold actuator auxiliary (Cold action in double loop) c00
- P.Er. Probe error. Alarm active in case of sensor rupture.

51 R5.o. Alarm State Output

Alarm output contact and intervention type.

- Normally open, active at start (Default) n.o.5
- n.c.5 Normally closed, active at start
- Norm.open, active on eaching alarm^{2 p. 18} nnh
- Norm.closed, active on reaching alarm^{2 p. 18} n.c.b
- (N.O. Threshold Variation) disabled after changing control setpoint^{3 p. 18} n.o.u
- 0.00 (N.C. Threshold Variation) disabled after changing control setpoint^{3 p. 18}

52 8 HY **Alarm Hysteresis**

Alarm 1 hysteresis

-199..+999 [digit^{1 p. 18}] (degrees.tenths for temp. sensors). Default 0.5.

53 RLL. **Alarm Lower Limit**

Lower limit selectable for the Alarm setpoint. -199.+999 [digit^{1 p. 18}] (degrees for temp.sensors) Default: 0.

54 RuL. Alarm Upper Limit

Upper limit selectable for the Alarm setpoint -199..+999 [digit^{1 p. 18}] (degrees for temp.sensors) Default: 999.

55 R.rE. **Alarm Reset**

- Alarm contact reset type.
 - RrE Automatic reset (Default)
 - П.-Е Manual reset (manual reset by SET key or by digital input)
 - $\Pi c5$ Stored manual reset (keeps the output status also after a power failure)
 - Rr.E. Automatic reset with timed activation. The alarm remains active for the time set on the parameter RdE, even if the conditions generating it are missing. To be able to act again, the alarm conditions must disappear.

56 85 F **Alarm State Error**

Alarm output status in case of error.

If the alarm output is a relay:

- Contact or valve open. (Default) oPn 0.5
 - Contact or valve closed.
- If the alarm output is digital output (SSR):
- Digital output OFF. (Default) oFF on
 - Digital output ON.

57 RLd. Alarm Led

Defines the status of the led A in correspondence of the related output 0.0 ON with open contact or DO switched off. ON with closed contact or DO switched on. (Default) c.c.

58 R.dE. Alarm Delay

Alarm Delay. -199...999 seconds. Default: 0. Negative value: delay when leaving alarm status Positive value: delay when triggering alarm status.

- 59 85 P **Alarm Setpoint Protection**
 - Controls access to the Alarm setpoint
 - FrE Editable by the user (Default)
 - Lct Protected
 - нч Protected and hidden

GROUP E - Display and interface Visualization Filter 62 u.FL d iS Disabled

PEF Pitchfork filter (Default) F.or First Order F.o.P First Order with Pitchfork 2 П 2 Samples Mean ...n Samples Mean пп 10 Samples Mean

63	to.d	Timeout Display
	Determine	es the display timeout
	d /S	Disabled. Display always ON (Default)
	5	15 seconds
	IП	1 minute
	5 N	5 minutes
	ЮЛ	10 minutes
	307	30 minutes
	1 h	1 hour
64	to5	Timeout Selection
	Selects wh	ich display is switched off when Display Timout expires
	ALL	Turn all OFF (display and led)
	dSP	Turn OFF only display (Default)

n.dP Turn all OFF (except decimal point)

NFC Lock 65 nFc

- **Disables NFC capabilities**
- dБ NFC lock Disabled: behaviour, the device can be programmed via NFC using the smartphone app. (Default)
- NFC lock Enabled: NFC protection active, the device will ignore any configuration update written Fn through nfc.

14 Alarm Intervention Modes Absolute or threshold alarm active over (par.50 $RLF = R_{u}R$) 14.a



14.b Absolute or threshold alarm active below (par. 50 RLF = RLR)



14.c Band alarm (par. 50 $RLF = bR_{0}$)





Asymmetric band alarm with hysteresis value lower than "0" (Par.









** With hysteresis value less than "0" (\exists H \exists < 0) the dotted line moves under the alarm setpoint.

15 Table of anomaly signals

If installation malfunctions, the controller switches off the regulation output and reports the anomaly noticed. For example, controller will report failure of a connected thermocouple visualizing *E-05* flashing on display. For other signals see table below.

	Cause	What to do
E.D2	Cold junction temperature sensor failure or environment temperature out of range	Call assistance
E.DH	Incorrect configuration data. Possible loss of instrument calibration	Verify that configuration parameters are correct.
E.05	Sensor connected to Al1 broken or temperature out of range	Control connection with probes and their integrity.
E.08	Missing calibration	Call assistance
E.80	RFID tag malfunction	Call assistance

Notes / Updates

1 Display of decimal point depends on setting of parameter 5En. and parameter d.P.

2 On activation, the output is inhibited if the controller is in alarm mode. Activates only if alarm condition reappers, after that it was restored.

3 Changing the control setpoint, the alarm will be disabled. It will stay disabled as long as the parameters that created it are active. It only works with deviation alarms, band alarms and absolute alarms (referring to the control setpoint)

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Antes de usar el dispositivo leer con atención las informaciones de seguridad y configuración contenidas en este manual.



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